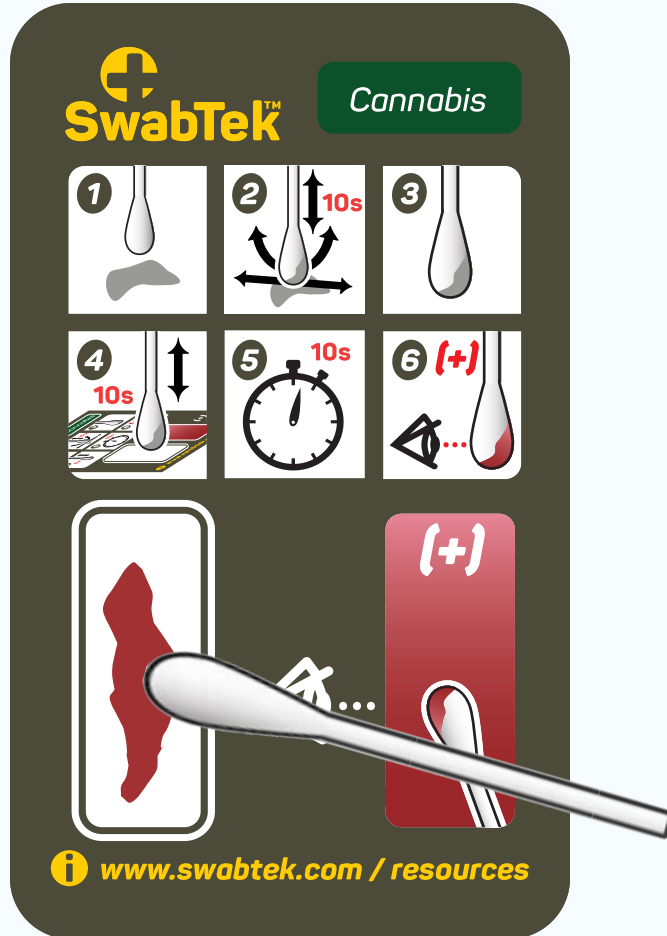
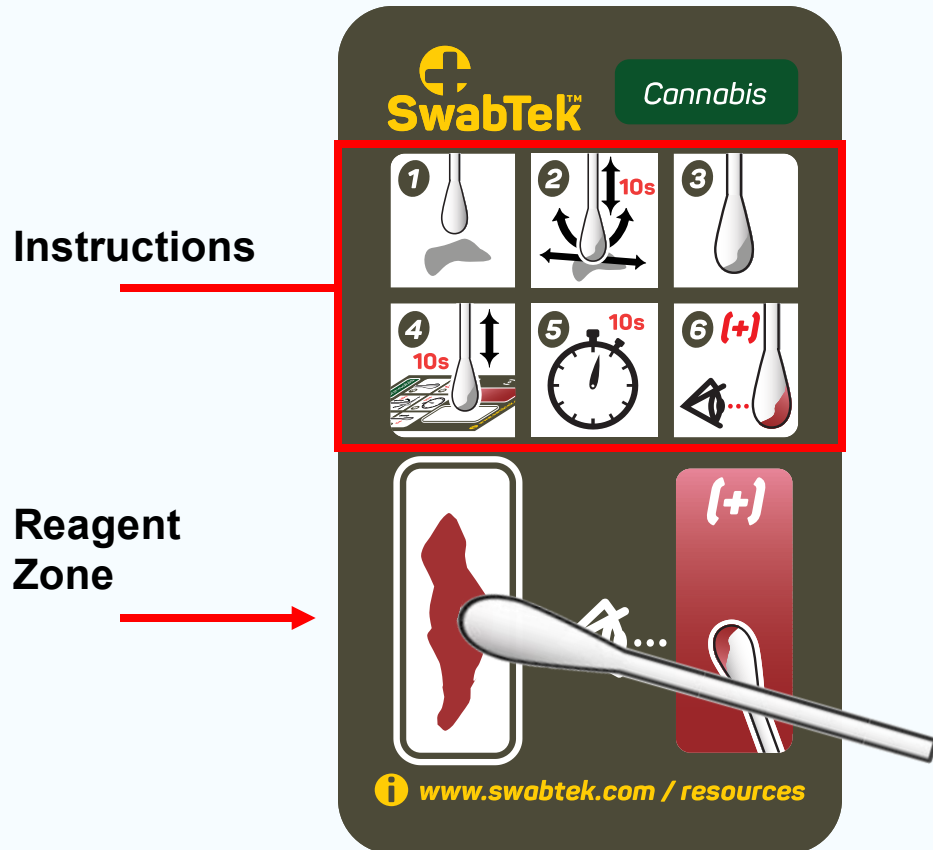




Narcotics Test Kits

*Product-Specific Training
Overview*

CAN | Cannabis Test Kit

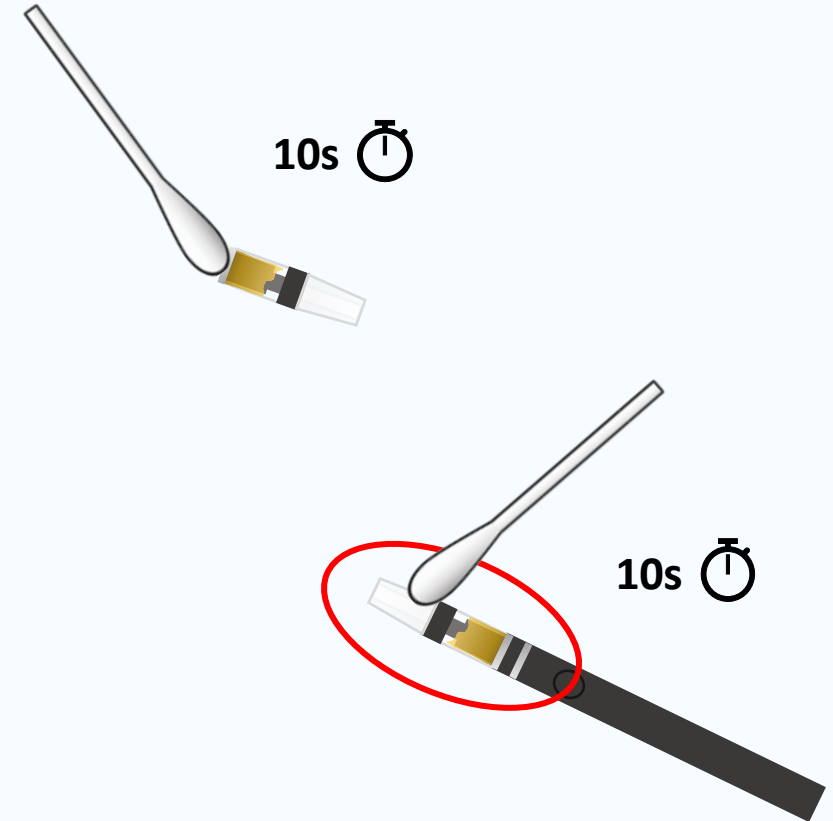


SwabTek Cannabis Test

<i>Testing Category</i>	Class-Level - Cannabinoids
<i>Compounds Detected</i>	Δ 9-THC, Δ 8-THC, Δ 10-THC, CBD, CBG, CBC, etc.
<i>Positive Target Color</i>	Red
<i>Possible Negative Colors</i>	Brown, Yellow
<i>Time for Color Development</i>	0-10 seconds
<i>For Use On</i>	Vape Pens, Edibles, Plant, Oils, Tinctures

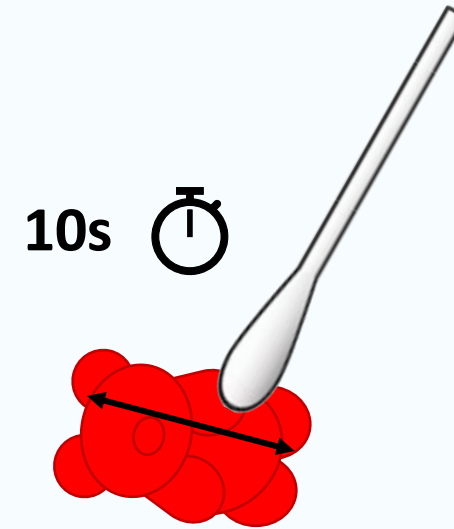
Sample Collection from Vape Pens

- To collect a suitable sample from a vape pen, the user must collect oil residue
- For an unused vape pen, this may require access to the inside of the oil reservoir, or the coil of the vape pen, which may require irreversible damage to the pen
- For a used vape pen, an adequate sample may be found where oil residue has settled on the body of the pen, particularly around the mouthpiece, which can normally be collected without causing any damage
- Vape cartridges that have had the oil reservoir swabbed should no longer be used, regardless of the test outcome
- Vape pens that had the body swabbed should be washed with soap and dried before any further use

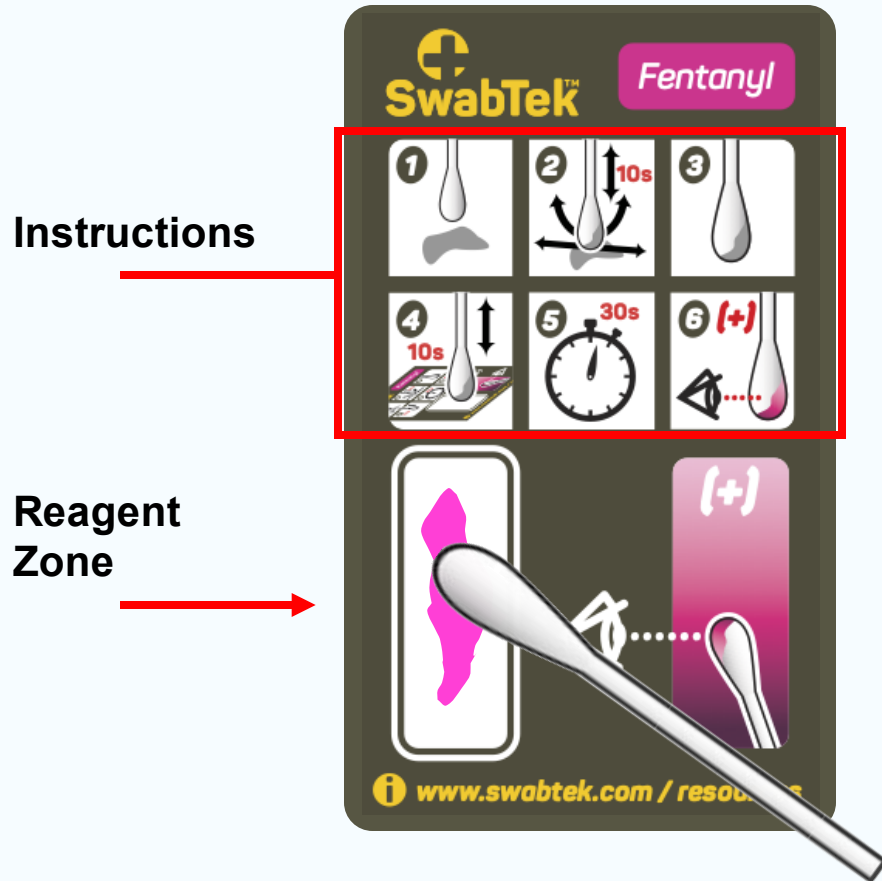


Sample Collection from Edibles

- To collect a suitable sample from a cannabis edible, the user must extract the cannabis oil infused in the product
- For baked goods, a suitable sample may be easily collected from the outer surface of the edible, or by applying force to squeeze oil to the surface
- For gummy or other candy items that have a wax or sugar coating, the user may need to swab more vigorously, and for more time, to ensure an adequate sample is collected from the inside of the edible
- Users may even choose to cut open certain products to more easily collect a suitable sample
- Suspected edibles that have been swabbed should not be consumed, regardless of the outcome of the test



FEN+ | Fentanyl+ Test Kit



SwabTek Fentanyl+ Test

Testing Category	Broad-Spectrum
Classes/Compounds Detected	Fentanyl analogs, Synthetic opioids, Amphetamines, Cocaine, PCP, Ritalin, etc.
Positive Target Color	Pink
Possible Negative Colors	Yellow
Time for Color Development	0-10 seconds
For Use On	Pills, Powders, Baggies, Vape Pens

Fentanyl+ Test Targets



- The Fentanyl+ Test is a multi-drug test that screens for **high-threat narcotics**
- A positive result means that at least one compound from one of the below categories is presumed to be present

Fentanyl Analogs

- Fentanyl HCl
- Carfentanil
- Lofentanil
- Sulfentanil
- Remifentanil
- 2-fluoro-ortho fentanyl

Synthetic Opioids

- Heroin
- Meperidine

Amphetamine-Class

- Methamphetamine
- MDMA HCl
- D-Amphetamine
- Ephedrine
- Pseudoephedrine

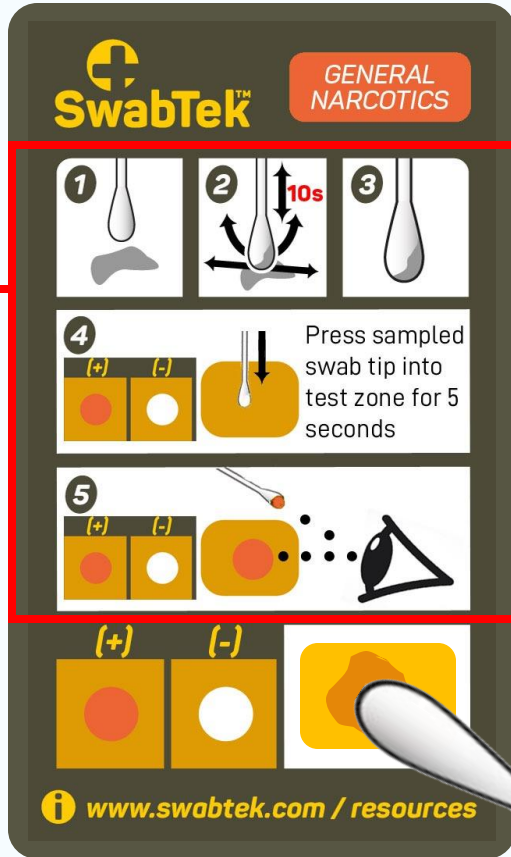
Cyclic Amine Narcotics

- Phencyclidine (PCP)
- Methylphenidate (Ritalin)
- Thorazine

GEN | General Narcotics Test Kit



Instructions



Reagent
Zone

SwabTek Cannabis Test

Testing Category	Broad-Spectrum
Classes/ Compounds Detected	Common Street Drugs, Precursors, Synthetic Cannabinoids
Positive Target Color	Dark Orange
Possible Negative Colors	White
Time for Color Development	0-10 seconds
For Use On	Pills, Powders, Baggies, Vape Pens, Paper

General Narcotics Test Targets



- The General Narcotics is a test that screens for a **broad spectrum of legal and illegal narcotics**
- A positive result means that at least one of the detected compounds is presumed to be present
- The following categories indicate the classes and varieties of compounds that are detected by the test — review the user manual for a more comprehensive list of compounds that are detected

Synthetic Cannabinoids

- K2
- Spice
- JWH cannabinoids
- Indoles
- Pyrroles
- Phenols

Narcotics Precursors

- Primary, secondary, and tertiary amines and alkaloids
- ANPP
- NPP

Common Street Drugs

- Amphetamines
- Opioids
- Fentanyl Analogs
- Cocaine
- Hallucinogens
- Cathinones

OTC & Other Legal Adulterants

- Prescription opioids
- Anesthetics
- Benzodiazepines
- Analgesics
- Stimulants (including nicotine)
- Sedatives

Sample Collection from Paper

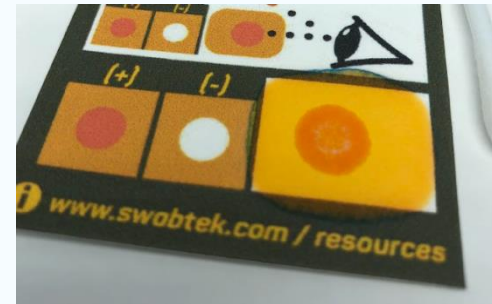
- SwabTek can be used to collect a suitable sample from paper
- To collect a sample from paper, it is best practice to use the swab to dissolve any potential adulterant from the paper directly onto the reagent
- Place the paper over top of the test card, and dab the swab firmly right through the paper
- The solvent in the swab will dissolve the sample, and press it through the paper onto the test



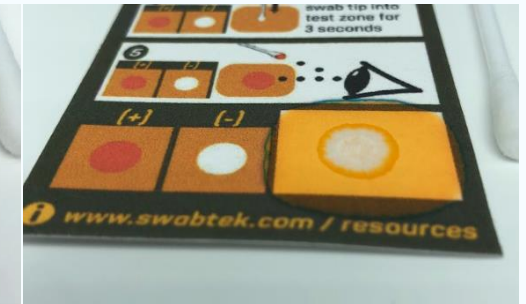
Ring Effect in Color Development

- The General Narcotics Test Kit requires that the user press the swab tip into the reagent for 3 seconds
- Depending on how damp the swab is, this procedure may result in reagent under the swab's tip getting dissolved, which produces a white circle with a ring around it
- This ring effect can occur on both positive and negative results, so the user must look at the color of the ring to determine if the color is dark enough to be a positive
- A ring may also be formed on a negative result when dissolved reagent settles and dries, but the color will not be as dark as in the case of a true positive result

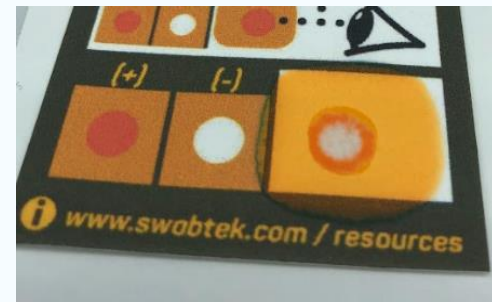
Positive Dot



Negative Dot



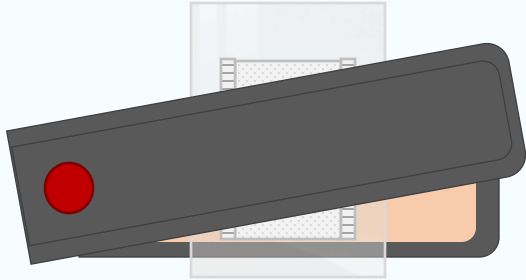
Positive Ring



Negative Ring

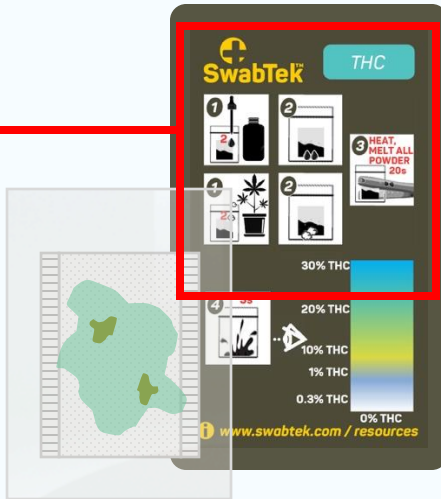


THC | THC Test Kit



Instructions

Reagent Pouch

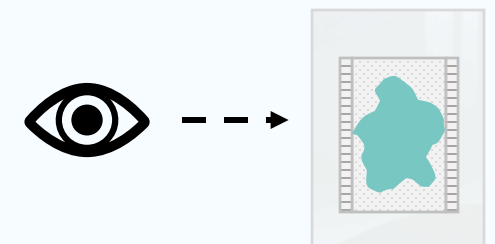
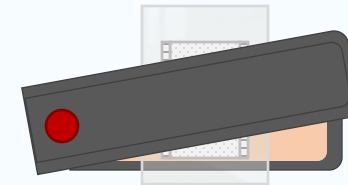
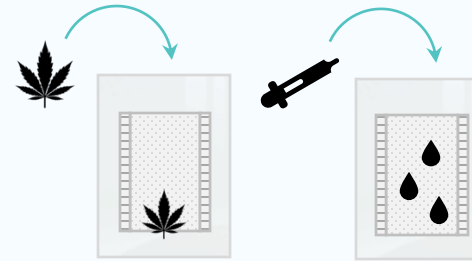


SwabTek THC Test

Testing Category	Compound-Level
Compound Detected	Δ 9-THC
Positive Target Color	Blue/Yellow/Turquoise
Possible Negative Colors	White
Time for Color Development	0-10 seconds
For Use On	Plant Material, Oils, Extracts

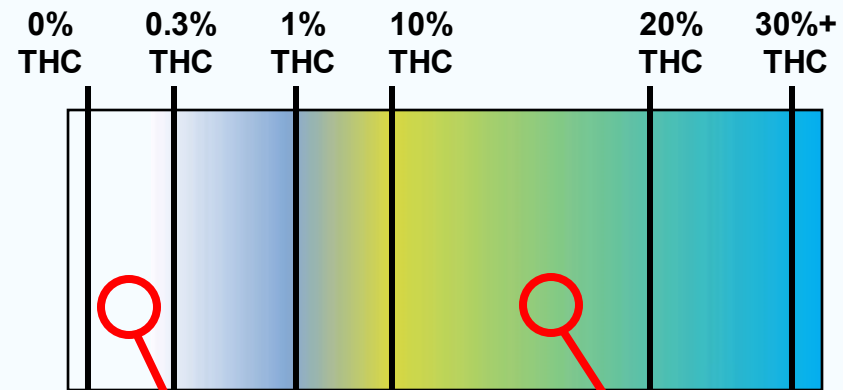
THC Test Kit Procedure

- SwabTek's THC Test has a unique procedure that does not use a swab
- Users must scoop or drop their sample into the test pouch, which can be either plant material or a cannabis concentrate (oil, wax, etc.)
- Heat is then applied with a heating tool to melt the reagent and activate any THC in the sample
- The user will inspect the melted reagent for a color change, and match the color to the gradient indicating the presumptive THC concentration in the sample



THC Test Kit Procedure

- The THC test requires the user to look for multiple colors, which indicate presumptive THC concentration
- The gradient provided on the instruction card shows how the colors match to varying THC concentration
- If no color develops, or a color develops that doesn't match the gradient, the result is negative, or 0.0% THC concentration
- If a color that matches the gradient develops, the THC concentration exceeds 0.3%, which constitutes a marijuana sample or marijuana product



Hemp
($<0.3\%$ THC)



Marijuana
($>0.3\%$ THC)